

FIG. 1

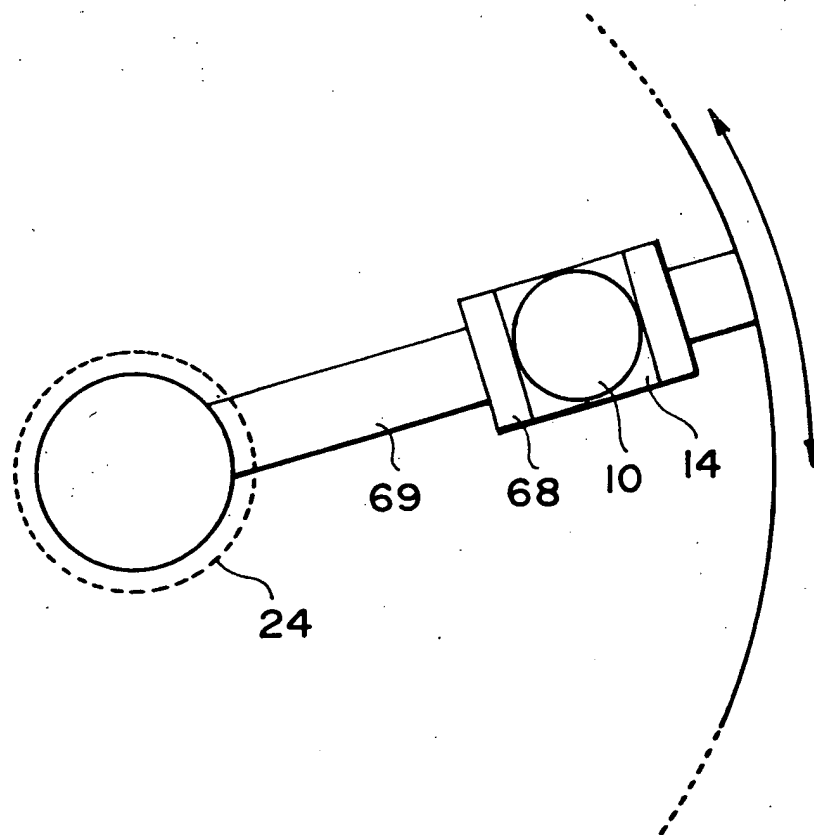


FIG. 2

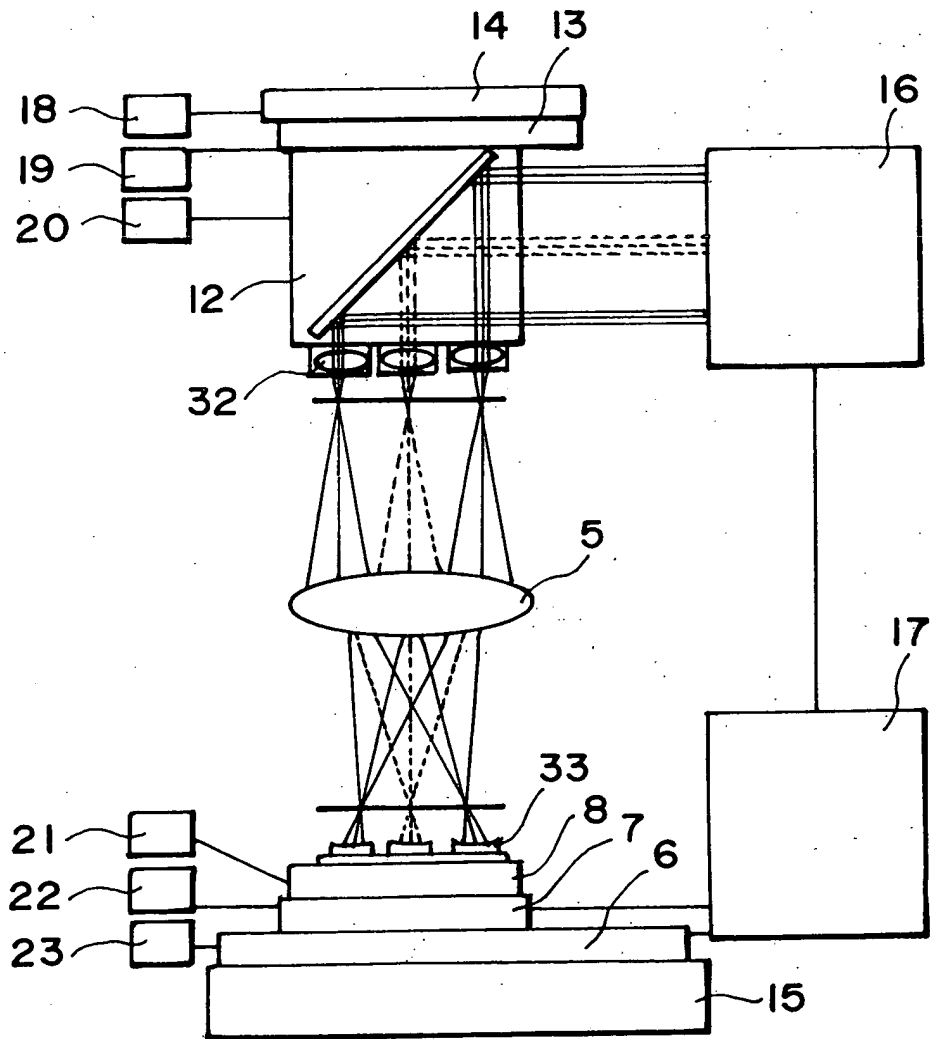


FIG. 3

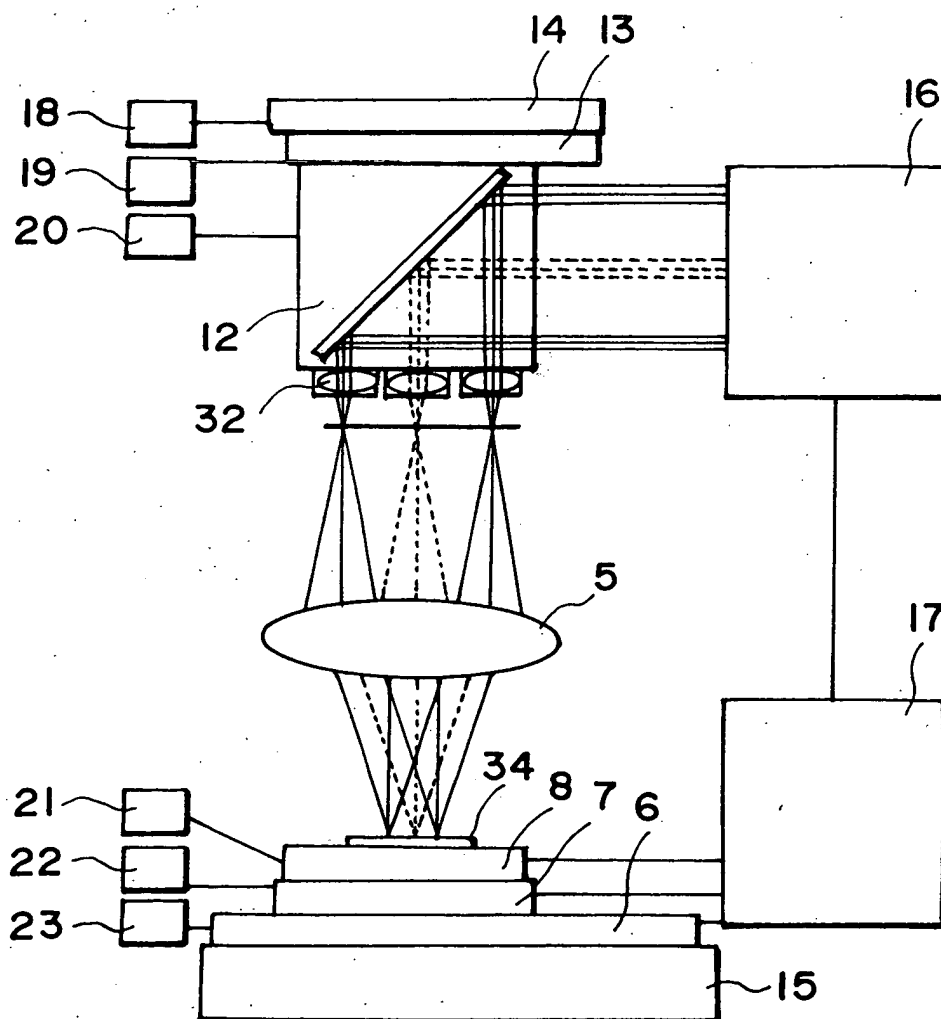


FIG. 4

FIG. 5

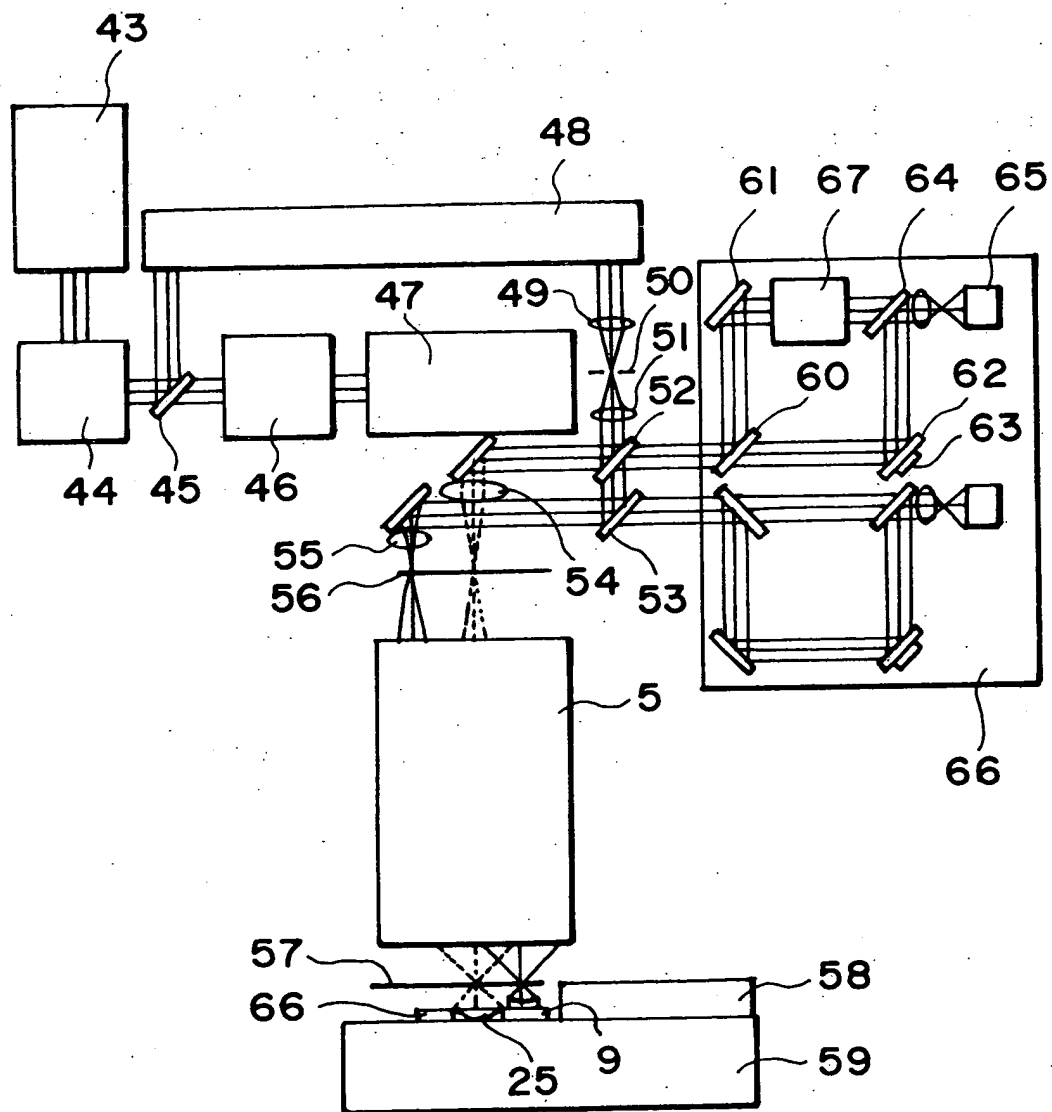


FIG. 5

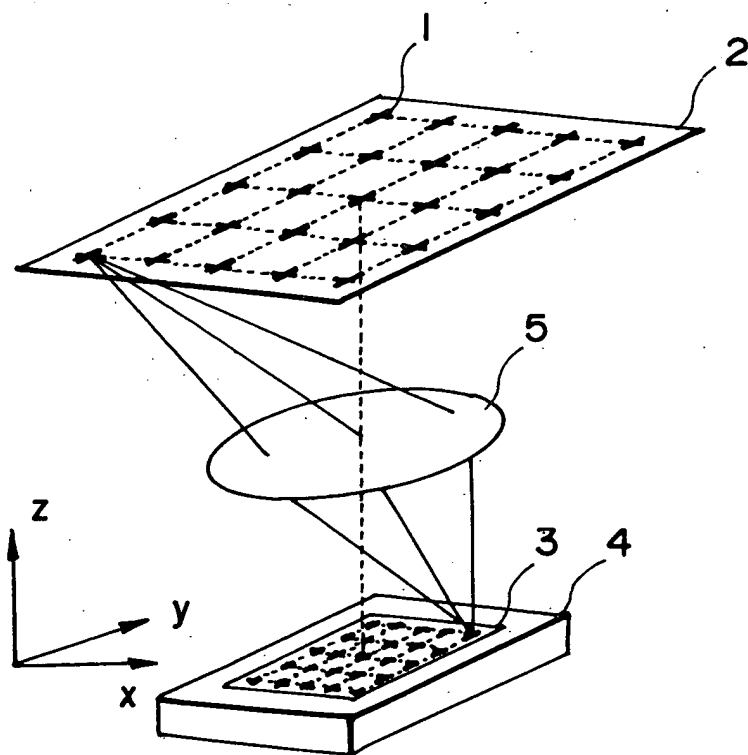


FIG. 6

A schematic diagram of a laser scanning system. At the top, a horizontal assembly includes components 6 and 7. Below them are components 18, 19, and 20, which are connected to a large rectangular block 17. A lens-like component 8 is positioned below 18-20, with light rays converging from it through component 9 to a circular mirror 5. The mirror 5 reflects the light down to a cylindrical component 10, which contains a smaller circular element 11. Below 10 is a series of three rectangular blocks labeled 12, 13, and 14. To the left of these blocks are three small rectangular components labeled 21, 22, and 23. A grid-like structure 15 is located below the blocks 12-14. To the right of the grid is a vertical rectangular block labeled 16, which has a circular logo with the letters 'GE' inside. Light rays are shown reflecting off the grid 15 and the 'GE' block. The entire system is mounted on a base consisting of components 13, 14, and 15.

FIG. 7